2013 Binational Immunization Resource Tool for Children from Birth Through 18 Years

Vaccine doses administered in Mexico may be counted as valid in the United States (including vaccines not licensed for use in the U.S.) if the dose or doses are documented in writing (including the date of administration) and comply with the minimum intervals and minimum ages as recommended by the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices. See http://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/schedules/downloads/child/mmwr-child-schedule.pdf.

Vaccines for Infants and Adolescents



DOSES RECOMMENDED BY AGE			DISEASES	DOSES RECOMMENDED BY AGE			GE	
		Antihepatitis B at birth, 2, 6 months ¹	Hepatitis B	HepB birth, 2, 6 through 18 months	Comvax	Pediarix 2, 4, 6 months		
		Pentavalente Acelular [§] 2, 4, 6, 18 months	H. influenzae type b	Hib 2, 4, 6 [§] , 12 through 15 months	2, 4, 12 through 15 months	HibMenCY 2 through 15	Pentacel 2, 4, 6, 15 through 18 months	
			Meningococcal (Not offered in Mexico)	MCV4 9 months through 10 years (high-risk) 11 through 12 years, 16 years		months (high-risk)		
			Tos Ferina / Pertussis	DTaP	Tdap			
Td	DPT 4 through 6 years	Pentavalente Acelular ^s	Difteria / Diphtheria	2, 4, 6, 12 through 18 months,	many states for 7th grade entry)**	Pediarix 2, 4, 6 months	Pentacel 2, 4, 6, 15 through 18 months	Kinrix 4 through 6 years
12 years			Tétanos / Tetanus	4 through 6 years				
	Sabin (OPV) 2 doses per year, from 6 to 59 months of age (in addition to prior 2 doses of IPV)	2, 4, 6, 18 months	Poliomielitis / Polio	IPV 2, 4, 6 through 18 months, 4 through 6 years				
Vacunas Combinadas/ Vaccination Combinations Triple Viral SRP = MMR Cuádruple = DPT + Hib ^{\$} Pentavalente Acelular = DTaP+IPV+Hib (August 2007 to present) Pentavalente = DPT + Hib + HepB (Prior to July 2007)		Rotateq 2, 4, 6 months	Rotavirus	RotaTeq 2, 4, 6 months or Rotarix 2, 4 months	Vaccination Combinations Pediarix = DTaP-HepB-IPV			itions
		Neumocóccica Conjugada (PCV13) 2, 4 months 12 through 15 months	Neumococo / Pneumococcal	PCV13 2, 4, 6, 12 through 15 months	PPSV23 2 through 18 years (high risk)	MenHibrix= Hib-MenCY Comvax = Hib-HepB ProQuad = MMRV		
		Influenza (yearly) 6 through 59 months, 60 months through 9 years (high risk only)	Influenza	Influenza* (yearly) 6 months or older		Pentacel = DTaP-IPV/Hib Kinrix = DTaP-IPV		
	SR		Sarampión / Measles	MMD		FOOTNOTES		
12 years FOOTNOTES For those who have not had the full series by age 12 years, give two doses 1 month apart at 12 years 2 Offered to high-risk groups only HPV 11 years (3 doses) (girls only)		Triple Viral SRP 12 months, 6 years	Rubéola / Rubella	MMR 12 through 15 months,	MMRV 12 through 15 months,	* Two doses given at least four weeks apart are recommended for children aged 6 months through 8 years of age who are getting a flu vaccine for		
			Parotiditis / Mumps	4 through 6 years				
		Varicela 12 months ²	Varicela / Varicella	Varicella 12 through 15 months, 4 through 6 years	4 through 6 years	the first time or who did not receive dose containing 2009(H1N1) strain ** For a listing of Tdap requirements for secondary schoo visit http://www.immunize.org/laws tdap.asp. Some children who were		l1) strain.
		Antihepatitis A 12, 18 months ²	Hepatitis A	HepA 12, 18 months				.org/laws/
		HPV 9 through 12 years (3 doses) (girls only)	Virus del Papiloma Humano / Human Papillomavirus	HPV 11 through 18 years (3 doses)	hrough 18 years (3 doses) 5 Depending on w		ages 7 through 10 ng on which Hib v	h Hib vaccine is
		BCG at birth	Tuberculosis (Not offered in the U.S.)				ild may not need hs of age.	the dose

Binational Tool Protocol

- 1. Determine what immunizations are needed for the child based on his and her age and the United States' Recommended Immunization Schedule (http://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/recs/schedules/downloads/child/0-6yrs-schedule-pr.pdf).
- 2. Review the child's Mexican Immunization Record (Cartilla Nacional de Vacunación). This is the official document used throughout Mexico to record immunizations given to children and adolescents (birth through 19 years old). The record is used both in the private and public sector.

The table below provides translations of terms that may be found on a Mexican Immunization Record.

English	Spanish
January	Enero
February	Febrero
March	Marzo
April	Abril
May	Мауо
June	Junio
July	Julio
August	Agosto
September	Septiembre
October	Octubre
November	Noviembre
December	Diciembre
Month(s)	Mes(es)
Years(s)	Año(s)
At birth	Al nacer

DATOS GENE	RALES		F	M
Nombre	Robles primer apellido	Ramos segundo apellido		Maria nombre/s
Domicilio	calle y número	colonia o localidad	municipio o delegaciór	estado
Fecha de Na	cimiento DOB	2008 año	1 mes	20 día
Lugar de Na	cimiento	localidad	município o delegaciór	n estado
Fecha de re	gistro	año	mes	día
Lugar de reg	istro	localidad	municipio o delegaciór	entidad federativa
Fecha de en	trega	año	mes	día

VACUNA	ENFERMEDAD QUE PREVIENE	DOSIS	EDAD	FECHA DE VACUNACIÓN
BCG	TUBERCULOSIS	ÚNICA	Al nacer	20/1/2008 = Jan 20, 2008
				-
SABIN		PRIMERA	2 meses	23/3/2008 Dr. Ramos
	POLIOMIELITIS	SEGUNDA	4 meses	23 / 5 / 2008 Próxima
		TERCERA	6 meses	
		ADICIONALES		
HEPATITIS	B HEPATITIS B	PRIMERA	A partir de los 12 años	
HEFAIIIIS	B	SEGUNDA	Al mes de la primera	
Antineumocócica		Primera		23/3/2008 Dr. Ramos

The first section on the inside of this document contains demographic information. Name Section Includes "primer y segundo apellido (first and second last name)" or paternal and maternal last names, respectively. Dates in Mexico are written Day/Month/Year (día/mes/año). For instance 20/1/2008 is Jan 20, 2008 Basic Immunization Schedule The second part of the document contains information on the basic childhood immunization schedule, outlined in 5 columns: VACUNA (Vaccine) ENFERMEDAD QUE PREVIENE (Preventable Disease) DOSIS (Dose) EDAD (Age) FECHA DE VACUNACIÓN (Date of Vaccine Administration)

- FECHA DE VACUNACION (Date of Vaccine Administration)
 Dates of vaccine administration are recorded in pen.
 Next due date is always accorded in pensil
- Next due date is always recorded in pencil.
- Clinic stamp or signature of person administering

Private Sector Vaccines

Demographic Information

Vaccines administered in the private sector are recorded in the gray section: OTRAS (other)

- 3. Match Mexican records with left side of guide (Mexico Doses Recommended by Age).
- 4. Review any immunization records obtained in the United States.
- 5. Match the U.S. records with right side of guide (USA Doses Recommended by Age).
- 6. Check footnotes, as they contain important information about combination vaccines. For example, in Mexico, Pentavalente Acelular is a combination vaccine, which includes DTaP, IPV, and Hib.
- 7. If a given vaccination recommendation for particular vaccine preventable disease is fulfilled for EITHER side of the vaccination chart, the child/adolescent can be considered vaccinated against that disease.
- 8. Check for contraindications, provide Vaccine Information Statement (VIS), and discuss any questions with the parent. Then, administer any vaccinations that are due or need to be caught up.
- 9. Document in official chart and patient's personal medical record any vaccinations that are given.
- **10.** Encourage patient to obtain available medical records from all clinicians and healthcare providers in the future and continue to document vaccinations received. Patient should be encouraged to take these records to any subsequent healthcare visits.

